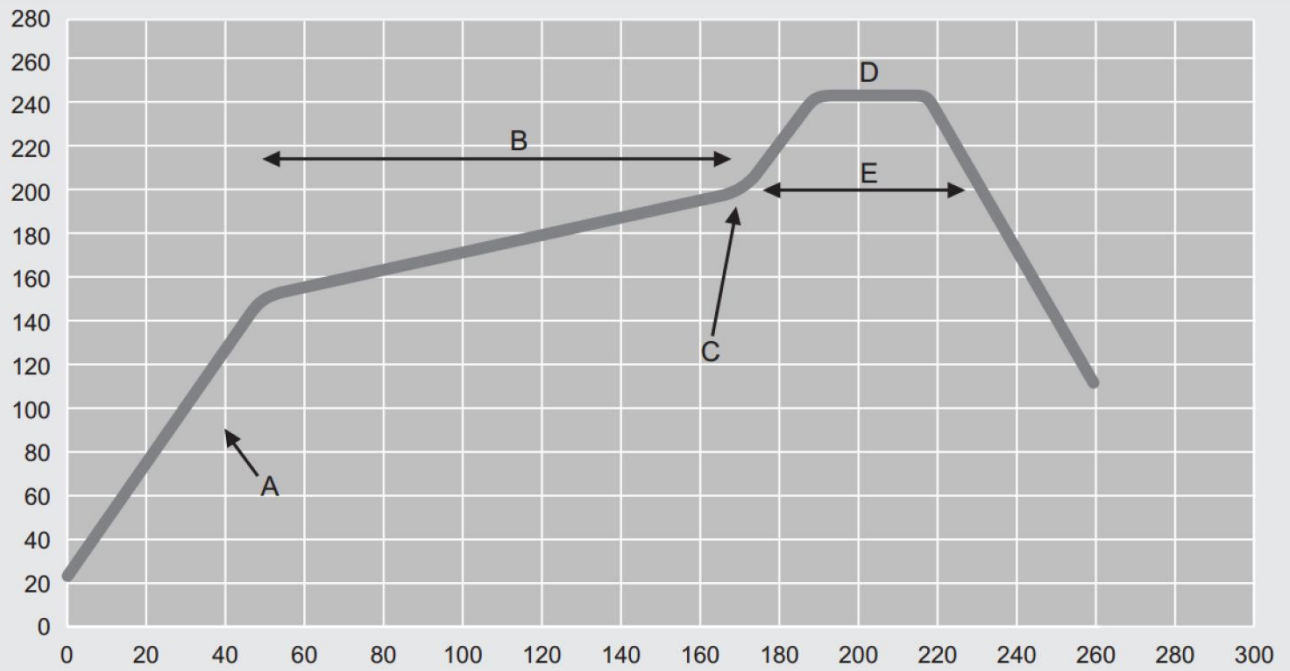


Temperature



Reflow time (s)

## Precautions

### 1. Preheat

- \* Set the temperature rising speed A at a rate of **1~3°C/s**. Careful about rapid temperature rise in preheat zone as it may cause excessive slumping of the solder paste.
- \* Appropriate preheat time B will be from **60 to 120** seconds. If the preheat is insufficient, rather large solder balls tend to be generated. Conversely, if performed excessively, fine balls and large balls will generate in clusters at a time.
- \* Appropriate preheat ending temperature C will be from **150 to 200°C**. If the temperature is too low, non-melting tends to be caused in the area with large heat capacity after reflow.

### 2. Heating

- \* Careful about sudden rise in temperature as it may worsen the slump of solder paste.
- \* Set the peak temperature D in the range from **240 to 250°C**
- \* Adjust the melting time that the time over **227°C**, could not less than **20-80**seconds.

### 3. Cooling

- \* Careful about slow cooling as it may cause the positional shift of parts and decline in joining strength at times.
- \* Perform adequate test in advance as the reflow temperature profile will vary according to the conditions of parts and boards, and the specifications of the reflow furnace.